Article - Public Utilities

[Previous][Next]

§7–701.

- (a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.
- (b) "Administration" means the Maryland Energy Administration.
- (c) "Fund" means the Maryland Strategic Energy Investment Fund established under § 9–20B–05 of the State Government Article.
 - (d) "Geothermal heating and cooling system" means a system that:
- (1) exchanges thermal energy from groundwater or a shallow ground source to generate thermal energy through a geothermal heat pump or a system of geothermal heat pumps interconnected with any geothermal extraction facility that is:
- (i) a closed loop or a series of closed loop systems in which fluid is permanently confined within a pipe or tubing and does not come in contact with the outside environment; or
- (ii) an open loop system in which ground or surface water is circulated in an environmentally safe manner directly into the facility and returned to the same aquifer or surface water source;
- (2) meets or exceeds the current federal Energy Star product specification standards;
- (3) replaces or displaces inefficient space or water heating systems whose primary fuel is electricity or a nonnatural gas fuel source;
- (4) replaces or displaces inefficient space cooling systems that do not meet federal Energy Star product specification standards;
- (5) is manufactured, installed, and operated in accordance with applicable government and industry standards; and
 - (6) does not feed electricity back to the grid.

- (e) "Industrial process load" means the consumption of electricity by a manufacturing process at an establishment classified in the manufacturing sector under the North American Industry Classification System, Codes 31 through 33.
- (f) "Offshore wind energy" means energy generated by a qualified offshore wind project.
 - (g) "Old growth timber" means timber from a forest:
- (1) at least 5 acres in size with a preponderance of old trees, of which the oldest exceed at least half the projected maximum attainable age for the species; and
 - (2) that exhibits several of the following characteristics:
- (i) shade-tolerant species are present in all age and size classes:
 - (ii) randomly distributed canopy gaps are present;
- (iii) a high degree of structural diversity characterized by multiple growth layers reflecting a broad spectrum of ages is present;
- (iv) an accumulation of dead wood of varying sizes and stages of decomposition accompanied by decadence in live dominant trees is present; and
 - (v) pit and mound topography can be observed.
- (h) "Offshore wind renewable energy credit" or "OREC" means a renewable energy credit equal to the generation attributes of 1 megawatt—hour of electricity that is derived from offshore wind energy.
- (i) "PJM region" means the control area administered by the PJM Interconnection, as the area may change from time to time.
- (j) "Poultry litter" means the fecal and urinary excretions of poultry, including wood shavings, sawdust, straw, rice hulls, and other bedding material for the disposition of manure.
- (k) "Qualified offshore wind project" means a wind turbine electricity generation facility, including the associated transmission—related interconnection facilities and equipment, that:

- (1) is located on the outer continental shelf of the Atlantic Ocean in an area that:
- (i) the United States Department of the Interior designates for leasing after coordination and consultation with the State in accordance with § 388(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005; and
 - (ii) is between 10 and 30 miles off the coast of the State;
- (2) interconnects to the PJM Interconnection grid at a point located on the Delmarva Peninsula; and
 - (3) the Commission approves under § 7–704.1 of this subtitle.
- (l) (1) "Qualifying biomass" means a nonhazardous, organic material that is available on a renewable or recurring basis, and is:
- (i) waste material that is segregated from inorganic waste material and is derived from sources including:
- 1. except for old growth timber, any of the following forest–related resources:
 - A. mill residue, except sawdust and wood shavings;
 - B. precommercial soft wood thinning;
 - C. slash:
 - D. brush; or
 - E. yard waste;
 - 2. a pallet, crate, or dunnage;
- 3. agricultural and silvicultural sources, including tree crops, vineyard materials, grain, legumes, sugar, and other crop by-products or residues; or
- 4. gas produced from the anaerobic decomposition of animal waste or poultry waste; or
- (ii) a plant that is cultivated exclusively for purposes of being used at a Tier 1 renewable source or a Tier 2 renewable source to produce electricity.

- (2) "Qualifying biomass" includes biomass listed in paragraph (1) of this subsection that is used for co–firing, subject to § 7–704(d) of this subtitle.
 - (3) "Qualifying biomass" does not include:
 - (i) unsegregated solid waste or postconsumer wastepaper; or
 - (ii) an invasive exotic plant species.
 - (m) "Thermal biomass system" means a system that:
 - (1) uses:
- (i) primarily animal manure, including poultry litter, and associated bedding to generate thermal energy; and
- (ii) food waste or qualifying biomass for the remainder of the feedstock;
 - (2) is used in the State; and
- (3) complies with all applicable State and federal statutes and regulations, as determined by the appropriate regulatory authority.
- (n) "Renewable energy credit" or "credit" means a credit equal to the generation attributes of 1 megawatt—hour of electricity that is derived from a Tier 1 renewable source or a Tier 2 renewable source that is located:
 - (1) in the PJM region;
- (2) outside the area described in item (1) of this subsection but in a control area that is adjacent to the PJM region, if the electricity is delivered into the PJM region; or
- (3) on the outer continental shelf of the Atlantic Ocean in an area that:
- (i) the United States Department of the Interior designates for leasing after coordination and consultation with the State in accordance with § 388(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005; and
 - (ii) is between 10 and 30 miles off the coast of the State.

- (o) "Renewable energy portfolio standard" or "standard" means the percentage of electricity sales at retail in the State that is to be derived from Tier 1 renewable sources and Tier 2 renewable sources in accordance with § 7–703(b) of this subtitle.
- (p) "Renewable on—site generator" means a person who generates electricity on site from a Tier 1 renewable source or a Tier 2 renewable source for the person's own use.
 - (q) (1) "Solar water heating system" means a system that:
- (i) consists of glazed liquid-type flat-plate or tubular solar collectors or concentrating solar thermal collectors as defined and certified to the OG-100 standard of the Solar Ratings and Certification Corporation;
- (ii) generates energy using solar radiation for the purpose of heating water; and
 - (iii) does not feed electricity back to the electric grid.
- (2) "Solar water heating system" does not include a system that generates energy using solar radiation for the sole purpose of heating a hot tub or swimming pool.
- (r) "Tier 1 renewable source" means one or more of the following types of energy sources:
- (1) solar energy, including energy from photovoltaic technologies and solar water heating systems;
 - (2) wind;
 - (3) qualifying biomass;
- (4) methane from the anaerobic decomposition of organic materials in a landfill or wastewater treatment plant;
- (5) geothermal, including energy generated through geothermal exchange from or thermal energy avoided by, groundwater or a shallow ground source;
- (6) ocean, including energy from waves, tides, currents, and thermal differences;

- (7) a fuel cell that produces electricity from a Tier 1 renewable source under item (3) or (4) of this subsection;
- (8) a small hydroelectric power plant of less than 30 megawatts in capacity that is licensed or exempt from licensing by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission;
 - (9) poultry litter-to-energy;
 - (10) waste-to-energy;
 - (11) refuse-derived fuel; and
 - (12) thermal energy from a thermal biomass system.
- (s) "Tier 2 renewable source" means hydroelectric power other than pump storage generation.

[Previous][Next]